

THE INVENTION CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of testing a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer comprising:
  - (a) providing an SOI wafer having an insulating layer sandwiched between a semiconductor top layer and a semiconductor substrate;
  - (b) moving a pair of spaced, elastically deformable contacts and a surface of the SOI wafer exposed on a side thereof opposite the semiconductor substrate into contact;
  - (c) applying a first voltage to the semiconductor substrate;
  - (d) applying a second voltage to at least one of the probes;
  - (e) sweeping at least one of the first voltage and the second voltage from a first value toward a second value;
  - (f) measuring a current that flows in the SOI wafer in response to the sweep of the at least one voltage; and
  - (g) determining at least one characteristic of the SOI wafer as a function of the measured current flow and the at least one voltage.
2. The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first voltage and the second voltage is a DC voltage.
3. The method of claim 1, wherein at least one of the first voltage and the second voltage is a reference voltage.
4. The method of claim 1, wherein the surface of the SOI wafer is a dielectric overlaying a surface of the semiconductor top layer.
5. The method of claim 1, wherein the second voltage is applied between the probes.
6. The method of claim 1, wherein step (g) further includes:
  - measuring a voltage of the semiconductor top layer; and
  - utilizing the measured voltage to determine the at least one characteristic of the SOI wafer.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein the at least one characteristic includes at least one of:
  - a threshold voltage;
  - carrier mobility in the semiconductor top layer;
  - conduction factor of the semiconductor top layer;
  - trap density of an interface between the insulating layer and the semiconductor top layer;
  - dopant density of the semiconductor top layer; and
  - generation lifetime of the semiconductor top layer.
8. The method of claim 1, wherein at least the portion of each elastically deformable contact in contact with the semiconductor top layer is formed from one of tantalum, platinum and iridium.
9. A method of testing a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer comprised of an insulating layer sandwiched between a semiconductor top layer and a semiconductor substrate, the method comprising:
  - (a) causing a pair of spaced conductors to contact a surface of the SOI wafer exposed on a side thereof opposite the semiconductor substrate;
  - (b) applying a first bias to the semiconductor substrate and a second bias to at least one of the conductors;
  - (c) sweeping one of the first bias and the second bias from a first value toward a second value;
  - (d) measuring current flowing in the SOI wafer during the sweep of the at least one bias; and
  - (e) determining at least one characteristic of the SOI wafer from the measured current as a function of the at least one swept bias.
10. The method of claim 9, wherein at least one of the first bias and the second bias is a DC voltage.
11. The method of claim 9, wherein at least one of the first bias and the second bias is a reference voltage.

12. The method of claim 9, wherein:
  - the SOI wafer includes a dielectric disposed on a surface of the semiconductor top layer facing opposite the semiconductor substrate; and
  - the pair of conductors contact the dielectric.
13. The method of claim 9, further including measuring a voltage of the semiconductor top layer and utilizing the measured voltage to determine the one characteristic of the SOI wafer.
14. The method of claim 9, wherein the at least one characteristic includes at least one of:
  - a threshold voltage;
  - carrier mobility in the semiconductor top layer;
  - conduction factor of the semiconductor top layer;
  - trap density of an interface between the insulating layer and the semiconductor top layer;
  - dopant density of the semiconductor top layer; and
  - generation lifetime of the semiconductor top layer.
15. The method of claim 9, further including:
  - positioning a surface of the semiconductor substrate facing opposite the insulating layer on a surface of an electrically conductive chuck; and
  - applying the first bias to the chuck whereupon the first bias is applied to the semiconductor substrate.